

19-3 July 2025

Published on 14, July-2025

ISSN:2320-4842 (P) 3049-2688 (O)

The Impact of Technology on Listening Skills in Education: Examining How Technology- Enhanced Learning Tools Affect the Development of Listening Skills

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Abstract

This experimental study investigates the impact of technology-enhanced learning tools on the development of listening skills in educational settings at the tertiary level. With the proliferation of digital resources and online platforms, understanding how technology influences listening proficiency is essential for educators seeking to optimize instructional strategies. Participants will be selected from a diverse group of students enrolled in secondary education institutions. The study will employ a randomized controlled trial design, with participants assigned to either an experimental group exposed to technologyenhanced learning tools or a control group receiving traditional instruction methods. Over a predetermined period, both groups will undergo listening skill assessments administered before and after the intervention. The assessments will measure various aspects of listening proficiency, including comprehension, retention, and critical analysis. Data analysis will focus on comparing pre- and post-intervention listening skill scores between the experimental and control groups. Additionally, qualitative feedback will be gathered from participants regarding their experiences with the technology-enhanced learning tools. Findings from this study will provide insights into the effectiveness of technology-enhanced learning tools in improving listening skills. The results will contribute to the ongoing discourse on integrating technology into educational practices and inform evidence-based strategies for enhancing listening proficiency in learners.

Keywords: listening skills, tertiary-level, technology, learning tools, experimental research, findings **Introduction**

Technology integration has become increasingly prevalent in today's rapidly evolving educational landscape, offering educators a wide array of innovative tools and resources to enhance instructional practices. Among the various domains of language learning, listening proficiency plays a fundamental role in facilitating effective communication and comprehension skills. As such, understanding the impact of technology-enhanced learning tools on the development of listening skills in educational settings has emerged as a critical area of investigation. The proliferation of digital resources and online platforms has revolutionized traditional approaches to language instruction, providing learners with immersive and interactive learning experiences. Consequently, educators are faced with the challenge of navigating the complex interplay between technology and pedagogy to optimize instructional strategies and promote meaningful learning outcomes. Against this backdrop, this study seeks to examine the influence of technology-enhanced learning tools on the enhancement of listening proficiency among second-

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ary education students. By employing a rigorous randomized controlled trial design, the study aims to provide empirical evidence regarding the efficacy of these tools in comparison to traditional instruction methods. Participants will be drawn from a diverse cohort of secondary education students, reflecting the varied linguistic backgrounds and learning needs characteristic of today's classrooms. Through systematic assessment procedures, the study will evaluate multiple dimensions of listening proficiency, including comprehension, retention, and critical analysis, before and after the intervention period. Central to the study's methodology is the comparison between an experimental group exposed to technologyenhanced learning tools and a control group receiving conventional instructional approaches. By analysing pre- and post-intervention listening skill scores, the study aims to discern the differential impact of technology on learning out-

Furthermore, the study will incorporate qualitative feedback from participants to gain insights into their experiences with the technologyenhanced learning tools. This holistic approach not only allows for a comprehensive evaluation of the intervention's effectiveness but also provides valuable perspectives on learner engagement and satisfaction. The findings of this study hold significant implications for educators, policymakers, and researchers alike. By shedding light on the effectiveness of technology-enhanced learning tools in improving listening skills, the study contributes to the ongoing discourse on the integration of technology into educational practices. Moreover, the evidence generated will inform evidence-based strategies for enhancing listening proficiency and optimizing language instruction in diverse learning environments.

Literature Review

Numerous studies have explored the use of various technology-enhanced learning tools, including multimedia resources, interactive software, and online platforms, in language learning contexts. For instance, Li (2018) conducted a metanalysis of studies examining the effectiveness of multimedia resources in language education and found positive effects on listening comprehension skills. Similarly, Zhang and Zhao (2019) investigated the use of interactive software in listening skill development and reported improvements in learner engagement and comprehension. Research suggests that technology-enhanced learning tools can positively impact listening skills across different proficiency levels and age

groups. In a study by Wang and Shen (2017), adolescent learners showed significant gains in listening comprehension after using an online listening program compared to traditional classroom instruction. Furthermore, Hsu and Wang (2020) found that college-level students exposed to multimedia resources exhibited enhanced listening comprehension and vocabulary acquisition. Studies investigating the impact of technology on listening skills often employ diverse methodological approaches, including experimental designs, quasi-experimental studies, and mixedmethods research. For example, Al-Seghayer (2016) conducted a quasi-experimental study comparing the effectiveness of a computerassisted language learning program to traditional instruction methods and observed superior outcomes in listening comprehension for the experimental group.

The literature underscores the pedagogical implications of integrating technology into language learning environments to enhance listening proficiency. Researchers emphasize the importance of aligning technology-enhanced activities with instructional objectives and providing opportunities for authentic listening experiences (Chapelle, 2017). Additionally, studies highlight the role of teacher training and support in facilitating the effective integration of technology (Stockwell, 2017). Despite the potential benefits, challenges associated with the use of technology-enhanced learning tools in listening instruction exist. These include issues related to access and equity, technological constraints, and concerns about the quality of online resources (Hubbard, 2018). Researchers advocate for a critical examination of these challenges and the development of strategies to address them within educational contexts.

While the literature acknowledges the broad category of "technology-enhanced learning tools," whether these technological tools can replace a teacher remains unresolved. Technology can, at times, provide a more effective learning environment than a teacher due to its ability to offer faster feedback and scoring systems. The immediate feedback system facilitated by technology is often appreciated more than feedback provided by a teacher after a significant delay. For instance, while a teacher may take more than a week to correct papers and provide feedback, a computer can deliver feedback within seconds using preloaded instructions and evaluation methods.

Results and Discussions

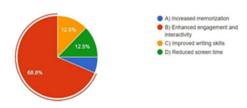
Despite the efficiency and speed of technological feedback, many argue that the feedback provided

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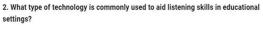
by a human teacher is far more effective. This is because a computer, regardless of its advanced algorithms, cannot think like a human. Human feedback often incorporates a nuanced understanding of student needs, personalized insights, and empathy, which technology cannot replicate. Moreover, teachers can provide contextual and constructive feedback that addresses the unique aspects of a student's work, something that automated systems struggle to achieve. Thus, while technology-enhanced learning tools offer significant advantages in terms of efficiency and immediacy, the irreplaceable value of human interaction and personalized guidance from teachers remains paramount in the educational experience.

1. Which of the following is a primary benefit of using technology-enhanced learning tools for developing listening skills?

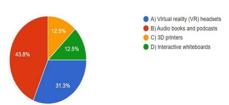
16 response



Technology-enhanced classrooms have gained prominence, especially since the pandemic, offering several benefits that young learners have quickly adopted and utilized to their advantage. Among the many advantages of digital classrooms is the enhanced ability to interact effectively with learners. Visual effects and modified learning materials have been particularly impressive. In a recent survey, approximately 68.8% of respondents found the engagement and interactivity of online materials to be very effective.

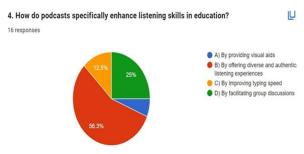


16 responses

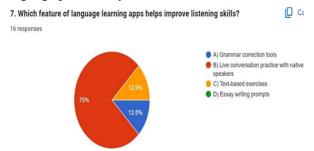


Listening skills are enhanced through continuous practice, and podcasts serve as an efficient source for listening to various talks and lectures. Approximately 43% of respondents felt that podcasts are a vital resource for enriching listening skills.

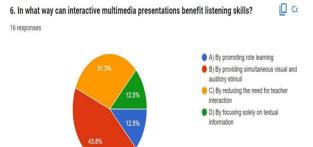
Most respondents felt that the diverse and authentic listening experiences provided by podcasts are instrumental in enhancing listening skills. Podcasts, with their variety in expressions, content,



and design, guarantee different listening experiences. One can listen to reviews, discussions, and conversations on various topics to improve their language proficiency.



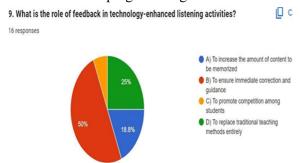
Approximately 75% of respondents felt that live conversation practice, particularly with native speakers, is helpful for quickly acquiring listening skills. Additionally, 12.5% of respondents expressed the need for grammar correction tools in language learning apps, while another 12.5% preferred text-based exercises within these apps.



The benefits of interactive multimedia presentations for enhancing listening skills revealed varied preferences among respondents. The majority, 43.8%, indicated that these presentations are most beneficial because they provide simultaneous visual and auditory stimuli, which can enhance understanding and retention of information. Meanwhile, 31.3% of respondents believed that the reduction in the need for teacher interaction is a significant advantage. Smaller groups, each comprising 12.5% of respondents, felt that the primary benefit lies either in promoting rote learning or focusing solely on textual infor-

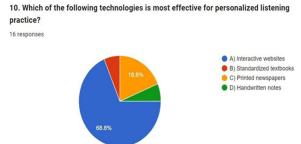
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mation. These findings highlight the diverse opinions on how interactive multimedia presentations can aid in developing listening skills.



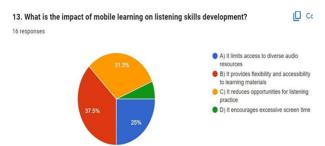
Many respondents expected immediate feedback from technology-enhanced tests. Feedback is crucial for self-analysis, as many exam takers are eager to proceed to the next questions. Providing correction and feedback immediately after each question allows them to analyze their mistakes promptly and learn from them effectively.

The question on the role of feedback in technology-enhanced listening activities revealed distinct preferences among respondents. A significant majority, 50%, emphasized that feedback's primary role is to ensure immediate correction and guidance. This indicates a strong preference for using technology to promptly identify and correct errors during listening exercises, enhancing learning effectiveness. Meanwhile, 25% of respondents viewed feedback as a potential replacement for traditional teaching methods entirely, highlighting a belief in technology's transformative potential in education. A smaller portion, 18.8%, considered feedback as a means to increase the amount of content to be memorized, while 6.3% saw it as a tool to promote competition among students. These responses underscore the diverse perspectives on how feedback in technologyenhanced listening activities can impact learning outcomes and instructional approaches in educational settings.

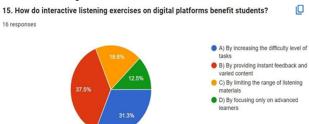


Approximately 68% of respondents indicated that interactive websites are more effective than text-books, printed newspapers, and handwritten notes

for creating personalized listening practice. Interactive websites offer a range of features that surpass traditional materials, providing learners with opportunities



Mobile phones have become ubiquitous, replacing many other electronic devices due to their wide range of applications and features. In the realm of education, mobile phones are widely utilized because they offer users the ability to use multiple applications simultaneously. About 37.5% of respondents highlighted that mobile phones provide flexibility and accessibility to learning materials, reflecting their role in modern educational practices.



A study examining the benefits of interactive listening exercises on digital platforms revealed diverse opinions among respondents. The largest group, 37.5%, believed that these exercises are most beneficial because they provide instant feedback and varied content, enhancing the learning experience by allowing students to immediately understand and correct their mistakes. Another 31.3% of respondents felt that increasing the difficulty level of tasks was a key benefit, challenging students and promoting skill development. Meanwhile, 18.8% indicated that these exercises benefit students by limiting the range of listening materials, presumably making the learning process more focused and manageable. Finally, 12.5% of respondents believed that interactive listening exercises primarily benefit advanced learners, suggesting that these tools might cater more effectively to higher proficiency levels. These findings highlight the multifaceted advantages of digital listening exercises in education. Finally, an important question to consider is whether interactive listening exercises on digital platforms can effectively cater to learners' needs in enriching their listening skills.

Conclusion

The use of technology in education has been thriving in recent times, especially since the pandemic, which significantly increased the reliance on online tools. The pandemic necessitated the adaptation to online classes as direct classes were no longer possible. However, this shift to online education has come with many challenges. Many students found it difficult to cope with the online mode of teaching due to the lack of face-to-face interactions and the physical presence of both teachers and students, which were seen as major drawbacks. In real- time scenarios, instances were observed where students were disengaged, with some even falling asleep during online classes. The lack of proper rapport and enthusiasm among students highlighted the limitations of online classes.

This study emphasizes the importance of digital interventions in enhancing listening skills. Unlike reading, speaking, and writing skills, listening skills require greater engagement in hearing what is spoken. Developing listening skills is particularly essential for improving a person's speaking abilities. Therefore, exploring the effectiveness of interactive listening exercises on digital platforms is crucial for advancing educational outcomes in this domain. The survey indicates the need for online intervention in enhancing listening skills. No matter how charismatic a teacher may be, and how effectively they engage learners through excellent teaching, without effectively utilizing digital platforms, achieving complete success is challenging. The survey highlights that online applications, particularly those that provide quick feedback and accurate results, often surpass learners' expectations. These digital tools are crucial in modern education because they offer instant correction and guidance, which is essential for the continuous improvement of listening skills. Furthermore, interactive and multimediarich environments provided by these platforms can cater to diverse learning preferences, making the learning experience more personalized and effective. The integration of technology in education, especially through online apps, is not just a supplement but a necessity to meet the evolving demands of learners and to bridge gaps that traditional methods might leave unaddressed. Hence, the strategic use of digital platforms is imperative for teachers to achieve comprehensive educational success.

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